

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Castrol Fifth Wheel Grease

Section 1. Identification

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|---|---|
| GHS product identifier | Castrol Fifth Wheel Grease |
| Product code | 464223-US06 |
| SDS # | 464223 |
| Historic SDS #: | 0000001609 464223-US49 |
| <u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u> | |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | Grease For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative. |
| Manufacturer | BP Lubricants USA Inc. 1500 Valley Road Wayne, NJ 07470 Telephone: (973) 633-2200 |
| Supplier | Wakefield Canada Inc. 3620 Lakeshore Blvd West Toronto, Ontario, Canada M8W 1P2 Phone Number - 416-252-5511 |
| EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION: | 1 (800) 447-8735 Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC) |
| EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER | 1 (800) 447-8735 Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC) |

Section 2. Hazard identification

| | |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | Not classified. |
| <u>GHS label elements</u> | |
| Signal word | No signal word. |
| Hazard statements | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| <u>Precautionary statements</u> | |
| General | P103 - Read label before use. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | Not applicable. |
| Response | Not applicable. |
| Storage | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | Not applicable. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | Defatting to the skin. Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives. Thickening agent.

| Ingredient name | CAS number | % (w/w) |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Base oil - highly refined | Varies - See Key to abbreviations | ≥75 - ≤90 |
| Graphite | 7782-42-5 | ≤5 |
| calcium carbonate (limestone) | 1317-65-3 | ≤5 |
| Carbon black | 1333-86-4 | ≤3 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. |
| Skin contact | Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Inhalation | If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Ingestion | Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Notes to physician | Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discolored and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimize tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes. |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. |

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

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|---------------------------------------|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet. |

Specific hazards arising from the chemical In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | Combustion products may include the following: metal oxide/oxides carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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|---|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. |
| For emergency responders | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| <u>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</u> | |
| Small spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. Suction or scoop the spill into appropriate disposal or recycling vessels, then cover spill area with oil absorbent. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

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| Protective measures | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |
| Not suitable | Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|--|
| <p>Base oil - highly refined</p> <p>Graphite</p> | <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada). 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 7/2009 Form: Mist 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 4/2004 Form: Mist</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada). STEV: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 1/2000 Form: mist TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2000 Form: mist</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2004 Form: Respirable</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada). 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 4/2004 Form: Respirable (all forms except graphite fibres)</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada). TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2007 Form: Respirable dust.</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/2015 Form: Respirable fraction.</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada). STEL: 4 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 8/2007 Form: respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2007 Form: respirable fraction</p> |
| <p>calcium carbonate (limestone)</p> | <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 12/2005 Form: Respirable dust TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2004 Form: Total dust STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 12/2005</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada). TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2007 Form: Total dust.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada). Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 4/2004</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada). STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 8/2007 TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2007</p> |
| <p>Carbon black</p> | <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 9/2011 Form: Inhalable</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/2015 Form: Inhalable fraction.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada). 8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 4/2004</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada). TWAEV: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2000</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada). STEL: 7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 8/2007 TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2007</p> |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Body protection

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

For protection against metal working fluids, respiratory protection that is classified as "resistant to oil" (class R) or oil proof (class P) should be selected where appropriate. Depending on the level of airborne contaminants, an air-purifying, half-mask respirator (with HEPA filter) including disposable (P- or R-series) (for oil mists less than 50mg/m³), or any powered, air-purifying respirator equipped with hood or helmet and HEPA filter (for oil mists less than 125 mg/m³).

Where organic vapours are a potential hazard during metalworking operations, a combination particulate and organic vapour filter may be necessary.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | Grease |
| Color | Black. |
| Odor | Not available. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point | Not available. |
| Boiling point | Not available. |
| Flash point | Open cup: 176.67°C (350°F) [Cleveland.] |
| Pour point | Not available. |
| Drop Point | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. Based on - Physical state |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Density | <1000 kg/m ³ (<1 g/cm ³) |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility | insoluble in water. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |

Aerosol product

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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|------------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information. |
| Chemical stability | The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| Incompatible materials | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Information on the likely routes of exposure Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Inhalation Vapor inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapor pressure.
Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact No specific data.
Inhalation No specific data.
Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.
Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.
Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

No testing has been performed by the manufacturer.

Persistence and degradability

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility

Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

Other ecological information

Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | - | - | - |

Special precautions for user Not available.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Other regulations

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|-------------------------------|--|
| Australia inventory (AICS) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Canada inventory | All components are listed or exempted. |
| China inventory (IECSC) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan inventory (ENCS) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Korea inventory (KECI) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Philippines inventory (PICCS) | Not determined. |

Section 15. Regulatory information

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|--|---|
| Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI) | Not determined. |
| United States inventory (TSCA 8b) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| REACH Status | For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1. |

Section 16. Other information

History

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|---------------------------------------|--|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | 09/01/2019 |
| Date of previous issue | 23/03/2017. |
| Version | 4.01 |
| Prepared by | Product Stewardship |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006] UN = United Nations Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64741-97-5, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1 |

References

Not available.

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.