

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	BernzOmatic Lighter Refill	
Other means of identification		
SDS number	WC034	
Recommended use	Refilling BernzOmatic lighters	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Manufacturer/Supplier	Worthington Cylinder Corporation	
Address	300 E. Breed St., Chilton, WI 53014	
	United States	
Contact person	Kurt Goomey	
E-mail address	kurt.goomey@worthingtonindustries.com	
Telephone number	1-920-849-1740	
Emergency telephone number	1-703-527-3887 International / CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 Domestic	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable gases	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under	r pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot	surfaces No smoking.
Response	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all sources if safe to do so.	

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

classified (HNOC)

Mixtures

Inhalation

Storage

Disposal

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Isobutane	75-28-5	78
Butane	106-97-8	22
omposition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas	concentratio

percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

ignition

Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. If frostbite occurs, immerse involved area in warm water (between 100 F/38 C and 110 F/43 C, not exceeding 112 F/44 C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Seek medical assistance.	
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.	
Ingestion	Ingestion is not a typical route of exposure for gases or liquefied gases.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Treat symptomatically.	
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.	
5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fog, or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.	
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.	
Fire-fighting	Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.	
equipment/instructions	Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.	
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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Protect cylinders from damage.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value		
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm		
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards			
Components	Туре	Value		
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm		
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm		
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted	for the ingredient(s).		
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.			
Individual protection measures	, such as personal protective equip	ment		
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety glasses or goggles.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.			
Other	Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.			
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.			
Thermal hazards	Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.			
General hygiene considerations	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.			

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Colorless gas.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Compressed liquefied gas.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	-11.7 °F (-24.28 °C)
Flash point	< 117.0 °F (< 47.2 °C)
Evaporation rate	(Butyl Acetate = 1) Gas
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable gas.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.8 %
Flammability limit - upper (%)	8.4 %
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	40 mm Hg
Vapor density	> 2 (Air = 1)
Relative density	0.5676

 BernzOmatic Lighter Refill

 921566
 Version #: 01
 Revision date: Issue date: 07-August-2014

Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	< 0.1 % by weight @ 70°F
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not applicable
Other information	
Percent volatile	100 % by Weight

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.	
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.	

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product.	
Inhalation	High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness.	
Skin contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.	
Eye contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	High concentration: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations
	that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels.

Components	Species	Test Results
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC100	Cat	90 %
LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes
		680 mg/l, 2 Hours
		52 %, 120 Minutes
		15.6 - 17.9 mm/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	> 13023 ppm, 4 Hours
		658 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 3990 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC100	Cat	90 %
LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes
		52 %, 120 Minutes
		15.6 - 17.9 mm/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	> 13023 ppm, 4 Hours
		1355 mg/l
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 3990 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in	some cases with tissue damage.
Serious eye damage/eye	Direct contact with liquefied gas may cause eye dam	C C
irritation		
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not classified.	
Skin sensitization	Not classified.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classified.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed.	Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	Not classified.	
Chronic effects	May cause central nervous system effects.	
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.	
Persistence and degradability	No data available.	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.	
Partition coefficient n-octano	ol / water (log Kow)	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	2.89	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	2.76	
Mobility in soil	May evaporate quickly.	
Mobility in general	May evaporate quickly.	
Other adverse effects	None known.	
13. Disposal consideration	S	
Disposal instructions	Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylir hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture of accordance with all applicable regulations.	ders should be emptied and returned to a
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.	
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point	<140 °F
Waste from residues / unused	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations	

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT		
UN number	UN1057	
UN proper shipping name	LIGHTER REFILLS containing flammable gas	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	2.1	
Subsidiary risk		
Label(s)	2.1	
Packing group	Not applicable.	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
Special provisions	168	
Packaging exceptions	21, 308	
Packaging non bulk	21, 308	
Packaging bulk	None	
ΙΑΤΑ		
UN number	UN1057	
UN proper shipping name	LIGHTER REFILLS containing flammable gas	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	2.1	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Packing group	Not applicable.	
Environmental hazards	No.	
ERG Code	10L	
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety	
IMDG	instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
UN number	UN1057	
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	LIGHTER REFILLS containing flammable gas	
Class	2.1	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Packing group	Not applicable.	
Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No.	
EmS	F-D, S-U	
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	
15. Regulatory information		
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export N	lotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Not listed.	200 List (40 CER 202 4)	

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	LISTED
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Not listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date
Revision date
Version #
Disclaimer

07-August-2014

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All information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.